



Start the Conversation With Your Doctor

Bring this guide to your next appointment with your eye doctor and ask if the iLink® cross-linking procedure may be right for you.

Have you ever used any of the following to manage your vision?

- Eyeglasses
- Soft Contact Lenses
- Rigid Gas Permeable (RGP) Contact Lenses

Have you ever had any of the following treatments?

- Intracorneal ring segments
- Corneal Cross-Linking
- Corneal Transplant Surgery

Keratoconus, also referred to as 'KC', is a sight-threatening eye disease that usually first appears in people in their teens or early twenties but can affect older adults too.

KC is a progressive disease in which the cornea weakens and thins over time, causing vision problems. For this reason, early diagnosis is critical and that's why it's important to discuss treatment options, including the iLink cross-linking procedure, with your eye doctor.

FIND AN EYE DOCTOR TODAY

Ask your doctor about keratoconus

- Will my keratoconus get worse?
- What does "progressive" keratoconus mean?
- Has my keratoconus progressed since my last visit?
- Is keratoconus genetic? Should I make sure my family members get tested?
- Is there anything that makes keratoconus worse?
- If I have it in one eye, does that mean I might develop it in the other eye?

Ask your doctor about iLink

- Is the iLink cross-linking procedure right for me?
- Is iLink FDA-approved?
- Will iLink be covered by my insurance?
- What is the recovery typically like?
- Will I need contacts or eyeglasses after the procedure?
- What changes in my vision can I expect?

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

Ulcerative keratitis, a potentially serious eye infection, can occur. Your doctor should monitor defects in the outermost corneal layer of the eye for resolution.

The most common ocular side effect is haze. Other ocular side effects include inflammation, fine white lines, dry eye, disruption of surface cells, eye pain, light sensitivity, reduced sharpness of vision, and blurred vision. The risk information provided here is not comprehensive.

To learn more, talk to your healthcare provider.

Go to Prescribing Info to obtain the FDA-approved product labeling.

You are encouraged to report all side effects to the FDA. Visit www.fda.gov/medwatch, or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

APPROVED USES

Photrexa[®] Viscous (riboflavin 5'-phosphate in 20% dextran ophthalmic solution) and Photrexa[®] (riboflavin 5'-phosphate ophthalmic solution) are used with the KXL[®] System in corneal cross-linking to treat eyes in which the cornea, the clear dome shaped surface that covers the front of the eye, has been weakened from the progression of the disease keratoconus or following refractive surgery, a method for correcting or improving your vision.

Tell your healthcare provider if you are pregnant or plan to become pregnant.

